



Invensys Building Systems
1354 Clifford Avenue (Zip 61111)
P.O. Box 2940
Loves Park, IL 61132-2940
United States of America

VB-7212 Series

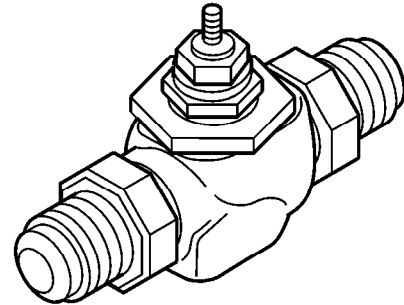
**5/8" O.D., 45° SAE Flared
Stem Up Open, Two-Way Valves
General Instructions**

Application

VB-7212 series single seat, stem up open, two-way valves control water from 20 to 281°F (-7 to 138°C) or steam to 281°F (138°C) maximum in heating or air conditioning systems. They are used for two-position or proportional control applications. Valve assemblies require an actuator and a valve linkage that must be purchased separately.



Danger: Do not use for combustible gas applications. The VB-7212 series valve packings are not rated for combustible gas applications, and if used in these applications, gas leaks and explosions could result.



Features

- 5/8" O.D., 45° SAE flared end fittings.
- Equal percentage flow characteristics for two-position or proportional control of water or steam.
- 250 psig pressure rating per ANSI Standards (B16.15–1985) for cast bronze bodies.
- Spring-loaded TFE packing.

Applicable Literature

- Siebe Environmental Controls Catalog, F-25683
- Siebe Environmental Controls Cross-Reference Guide, F-23638
- Siebe Environmental Controls Reference Manual, F-21683
- Siebe Environmental Controls Application Manual, F-21335
- Control Valve Sizing, F-13755
- Valve Selection Chart for Steam, F-11366
- Valve Selection Chart for Water, F-11080
- EN-205 Water System Guidelines, F-26080

SPECIFICATIONS

Table-1 Specifications/Models.

Specifications		Valve Body Series VB-7212-0-4-P	
Service		Chilled or Hot Water and Steam	
Flow Characteristics (Figure-1)		Equal Percentage	
Action		Stem Up Open	
Sizes		5/8" O.D.	
Type of End Fitting		45° SAE Flared	
Valve Materials	Body	Bronze	
	Seat	Bronze	
	Stem	Stainless Steel	
	Plug	Brass	
	Packing	Spring-loaded TFE	
	Disc	EPDM	
ANSI Pressure Class (Figure-2)		250 (up to 400 psig below 150°F) ^a	
Maximum Inlet Pressure, Steam		35 psig (241 kPa)	
Allowable Control Media Temperature		20 to 281°F (-7 to 138°C)	
Allowable Differential Pressure for Water^b		35 psi (241 kPa) Max. for Normal Life (refer to "Cavitation Limitations on Valve Pressure Drop" on page 6)	
Allowable Differential Pressure for Steam^b		20 psi (138 kPa)	
Valve Size	C_v Rating	k_{vs} Rating^c	Complete Valve Body Part Number
1/2"	0.4	0.3	VB-7212-0-4-1
	1.3	1.1	VB-7212-0-4-2
	2.2	1.9	VB-7212-0-4-3
	4.4	3.8	VB-7212-0-4-4

^a Do not apply above pressure rating to piping system.

^b Maximum recommended differential pressure in open position. Do not exceed recommended differential pressure (pressure drop) or integrity of parts may be affected. Exceeding maximum recommended differential pressure voids product warranty

^c $k_{vs} = m^3/h$ ($\Delta P = 100$ kPa) $C_v = k_{vs} \times 1.156$

Close-off Pressure Rating

The close-off pressure rating is dependent on the size of the valve, valve linkage, and actuator. Consult the **Siebe Environmental Controls Catalog, F-25683**, for close-off ratings.

Normal Position of Valve Assembly

For a valve assembly (valve, linkage, and actuator) to have a normal (spring return) position, the actuator must be of the spring return type. See Table-2 for the normal position of the valve assemblies.

Table-2 Required Compatible Actuators/Linkages.

Actuator Series	Required Valve Linkage	Normal Position
MA-5210, MA-5211, MA-5213	AV-7600 ^a	Stem Up Normally Open
MF-5413, MF-5513	AV-7600 & AV-601	
MF-22203, MF-22303, MF-22323	Included w/Actuator	None (Non-spring Return Actuator)
MK-2690	AV-7400	Stem Up Normally Open
MK-4601, MK-4611, MK-4621	AV-401	
MP-5210, MP-5211, MP-5213	AV-7600 ^a	
MP-5410, MP-5411, MP-5413	AV-7600 & AV-601	
MP-5511, MP-5513		
MPR-5610, MPR-5611, MPR-5613		
MPR-5713		
MS-22353	Included w/Actuator	None

^a High ambient temperatures with high media temperatures in the valve may require the use of AV-601 in addition to AV-7600. See General Instructions for AV-7600 (F-26235) and AV-601 (F-19069) for details.

Flow Characteristics

All valves have modified equal percentage flow characteristics. That is, for equal increments of valve stem stroke, the change in flow rate with respect to valve stroke may be expressed as a constant percent of the flow rate at the time of the change. The change of flow rate with respect to valve stroke is relatively small when the valve plug is near the valve seat and relatively high when the valve plug is nearly wide open. See Figure-1 for typical modified equal percentage flow characteristics of VB-7212 series valve bodies.

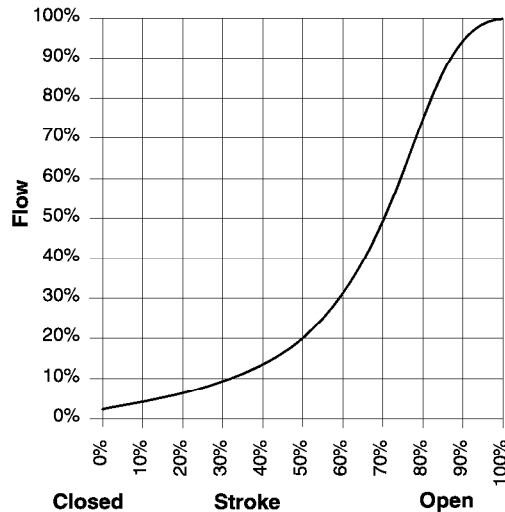


Figure-1 Typical Modified Equal Percentage Flow Characteristics.

Rangeability

Rangeability is the ratio of rated flow to the minimum controllable flow through a valve. Table-3 lists the rangeability for VB-7212 series valves.

Table-3 Rangeability.

Valve Body Part Number	Nominal Rangeability	Valve Body Part Number	Nominal Rangeability
VB-7212-0-4-1	5:1	VB-7212-0-4-3	25:1
VB-7212-0-4-2	15:1	VB-7212-0-4-4	40:1

Temperature/Pressure Ratings

See Figure-2 for temperature and pressure ratings. Consult the appropriate valve linkage general instruction sheet for the effect of valve body ambient temperatures on specific actuators. Ratings conform with published values and disclaimer.

VB-7212-0-4-P (45° SAE Flared Cast Bronze Body)

Standards: Pressure to ANSI B16.15 Class 250 with 400 psig up to 150°F decreasing to 321 psig at 281°F

Materials: Bronze, ASTM B584

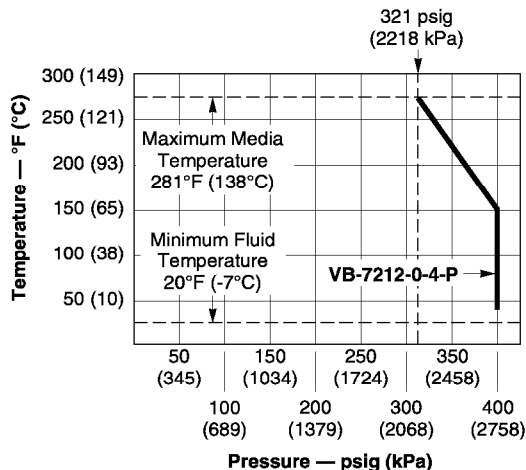


Figure-2 Temperature and Pressure Ratings for VB-7212 Series Valve Bodies.

VALVE SIZING AND SELECTION

Water

Two-position

Two-position control valves are normally selected “line size” to keep pressure drop at a minimum. If it is desirable to reduce the valve below line size, then 10% of “available pressure” (that is, the pump pressure differential available between supply and return mains with design flow at the valve location) is normally used to select the valve.

Proportional

Proportional control valves are usually selected to take a pressure drop equal to at least 50% of the “available pressure.” As “available pressure” is often difficult to calculate, the normal procedure is to select the valve using a pressure drop at least equal to the drop in the coil or other load being controlled (except where small booster pumps are used) with a minimum recommended pressure drop of 5 psi (34 kPa). When the design temperature drop is less than 60°F (33°C) for conventional heating systems, higher pressure drops across the valve are needed for good results (Table-4).

Table-4 Conventional Heating System.

Design Temperature Load Drop °F (°C)	Recommended Pressure Drop ^a (% of Available Pressure)	Multiplier on Load Drop
60 (33) or More	50%	1 x Load Drop
40 (22)	66%	2 x Load Drop
20 (11)	75%	3 x Load Drop

^a Recommended minimum pressure drop = 5 psi (34 kPa).

Secondary Circuits with Small Booster Pumps: 50% of available pressure difference (equal to the drop through load, or 50% of booster pump head).

Water Capacity

See Table-5 for water capacity of VB-7212 series valves.

Table-5 Water Capacity in Gallons Per Minute for VB-7212 Series.

Valve Body Part Number	C _v Rating	Differential Pressure (ΔP in psi)												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	35
VB-7212-0-4-1	0.4	0.40	0.57	0.69	0.80	0.89	0.98	1.06	1.13	1.20	1.26	1.55	1.79	2.37
VB-7212-0-4-2	1.3	1.30	1.84	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.1	5.0	5.8	7.7
VB-7212-0-4-3	2.2	2.2	3.1	3.8	4.4	4.9	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.6	7.0	8.5	9.8	13
VB-7212-0-4-4	4.4	4.4	6.2	7.6	8.8	9.8	11	12	12	13	14	17	20	26

C_v Equation

$$C_v = \frac{\text{GPM}}{\sqrt{\Delta P}} \quad \Delta P = \left(\frac{\text{GPM}}{C_v} \right)^2 \quad \text{GPM} = C_v \sqrt{\Delta P}$$

Where:

C_v = Coefficient of flow

GPM = U.S. gallons per minute (60°F, 15.6°C)

ΔP = Differential pressure in psi (pressure drop)

Steam

Two-position

Two-position zone valves and direct radiation valves are normally sized using a minimum of 10% of inlet pressure (psig).

Proportional

Proportional control valves are normally sized using:

- For low pressure (15 psig or less), use ΔP of 80% of gauge inlet pressure.
- For steam pressures greater than 15 psig, use ΔP of 42% of absolute (gauge plus 14.7) inlet pressure.
- When the C_v required is between two valve sizes, select the larger size. Do not size steam valves using a pressure drop greater than 42% of the absolute inlet pressure.

Steam Capacity

See Table-6 for steam capacity of VB-7212 series valves.

Table-6 Steam Capacity in Pounds Per Hour for VB-7212 Series.

Valve Body Part Number	Cv Rating	Differential Pressure (ΔP in psi) ^a															
		2 psig Inlet		5 psig Inlet		10 psig Inlet		15 psig Inlet		20 psig Inlet		25 psig Inlet		30 psig Inlet		35 psig Inlet	
		0.2	1.6	0.5	4	1	8	1.5	12	2	14	2.5	16	3	18	3.5	20
VB-7212-0-4-1	0.4	2.2	5.9	3.7	9.5	5.8	14	7.8	18	9.7	20	12	23	13	26	15	29
VB-7212-0-4-2	1.3	7.1	19	12	31	19	45	25	57	32	66	38	76	44	86	50	95
VB-7212-0-4-3	2.2	12	32	20	52	32	76	43	96	53	112	64	129	74	145	84	161
VB-7212-0-4-4	4.4	24	65	41	105	64	153	86	192	107	225	127	257	148	289	168	322

^a Values are for saturated steam ($K = 1$). Left column under each inlet pressure is for two-position control, and right column is for proportional control.

C_v Equation

$$C_v = \frac{QK}{3\sqrt{\Delta P \cdot P_2}} \qquad Q = \frac{3C_v\sqrt{\Delta P \cdot P_2}}{K}$$

Where:

C_v = Coefficient of flow

Q = Lbs. per hour of steam

ΔP = Differential pressure in psi (pressure drop)

P2 = Outlet pressure in psia (absolute) ($P_2 = \text{Inlet pressure} + 14.7 - \Delta P$)

K = $1 + (0.0007 \times \text{°F superheat})$ ($K = 1$ for saturated steam)

Cavitation Limitations on Valve Pressure Drop

A valve selected with too high a pressure drop can cause erosion of discs and/or wire drawing of the seat. In addition, cavitation can cause noise, damage to the valve trim (and possibly the body), and choke the flow through the valve.

Do not exceed the maximum differential pressure (pressure drop) for the valve selected.

The following formula can be used on higher temperature water systems, where cavitation could be a problem, to estimate the maximum allowable pressure drop across the valve:

$$P_m = 0.5 (P_1 - P_v)$$

Where:

P_m = Maximum allowable pressure drop (psi)

P_1 = Absolute inlet pressure (psia)

P_v = Absolute vapor pressure (psia) (refer to Table-6 or Table-7)

Note: Add 14.7 psi to gauge supply pressure to obtain absolute pressure value.

For example, if a valve is controlling 200°F water at an inlet pressure of 18 psig, the maximum pressure drop allowable would be:

$$P_m = 0.5 [(18 + 14.7) - 11.53] = 10.6 \text{ psi}$$

(Vapor pressure of 200°F water is 11.53 psia.)

If the pressure drop for this valve is less than 10.6 psi, cavitation should not be a problem.

Systems where cavitation is shown to be a problem can sometimes be redesigned to provide lower inlet velocities. Valves having harder seat materials should be furnished if inlet velocities cannot be lowered.

Table-7 Vapor Pressure of Water Table.

Water Temp. (°F)	Vapor Pressure (psia)	Water Temp. (°F)	Vapor Pressure (psia)	Water Temp. (°F)	Vapor Pressure (psia)	Water Temp. (°F)	Vapor Pressure (psia)
40	0.12	90	0.70	140	2.89	190	9.34
50	0.18	100	0.95	150	3.72	200	11.53
60	0.26	110	1.28	160	4.74	210	14.12
70	0.36	120	1.69	170	5.99	220	17.19
80	0.51	130	2.22	180	7.51	230	20.78

Additional Valve Sizing Information

For additional valve sizing information, see:

- CA-28 Control Valve Sizing, F-13755
- Valve Selection Chart Water, F-11080
- Valve Selection Chart Steam, F-11366
- Valve Sizing Slide Rule, TOOL-150

INSTALLATION

Inspection

Inspect the package for damage. If damaged, notify the appropriate carrier immediately. If undamaged, open the package and inspect the device for obvious damage. Return damaged products.

Requirements

- Tools (not provided): Pipe wrenches
- Training: Installer must be a qualified, experienced technician
- Appropriate accessories

Caution:

- Install the valve with the flow in the direction of the flow arrow (“A” port is the inlet and “AB” port is the outlet).
 - Do not exceed the ratings of the device.
 - Avoid locations where excessive moisture, corrosive fumes, or vibration are present.
-

Mounting

1. The valve should be mounted in a weather protected area in a location that is within the ambient limits of the actuator. When selecting a location, allow sufficient room for valve linkage, actuator, and other accessories and for service of the product.
2. The preferred mounting position for the valve is with the valve stem vertical above the valve body. Avoid mounting the valve so that the valve stem is below horizontal.
3. On steam applications where the ambient temperature approaches the limit of the actuator, the valve stem should be mounted 45° from vertical.
4. The VB-7212-0-4 series of flared valve bodies conform to SAE 45°. The valves must be piped with the “A” port as the inlet and the “AB” port as the outlet.

CHECKOUT

1. Make sure the valve stem operates smoothly before installing the valve linkage and the actuator.
2. If the stem does not operate smoothly, it may indicate that the valve was twisted or crushed during installation or that the stem was bent by rough handling. These conditions may require that the valve be replaced.
3. After the piping is under pressure, check the valve body and the connections for leaks.
4. After the valve linkage and the actuator are installed, check their operation.
 - a. Power the actuator and run the valve to the stem down position. Make sure the linkage and valve stem stroke fully. At the stem down position, the valve should shut off tightly.
 - b. For spring return actuators, allow the actuator to spring return to the stem up position. Again, the valve stem and linkage should operate smoothly. At the stem up position, the valve should be in its full open position.

MAINTENANCE & FIELD REPAIR

Regular maintenance of the total system is recommended to assure sustained performance. See Table-8 for maintenance kit part numbers.

Table-8 Maintenance Kits for VB-7212 Valves.

Valve Body Part Number	Replacement Packing Assembly	Packing Wrench	Valve Repair Kit ^a
VB-7212-0-4-1	YBA-622-1	TOOL-20-1	RYB-721-1
VB-7212-0-4-2			RYB-721-2
VB-7212-0-4-3			RYB-721-3
VB-7212-0-4-4			RYB-721-4

^a Kit includes replacement packing and stem & plug assembly.

Water System Maintenance

All heating and cooling systems are susceptible to valve and system problems caused by improper water treatment and system storage procedures. These guidelines are provided to help avoid valve and water system problems resulting from improperly treated water or storage procedures in cooling and hot water systems, and to obtain maximum life from Siebe Environmental Controls valves.

Durability of valve stems and packings is dependent on maintaining non-damaging water conditions. Inadequate water treatment or filtration, not in accordance with chemical supplier/ASHRAE handbook recommendations, can result in corrosion, scale, and abrasive particle formation. Scale and particulates can result in stem and packing scratches and can adversely affect packing life and other parts of the hydronic system.

To maintain non-damaging conditions, follow these guidelines:

- Clean the system prior to start up. Use a nitrite or molybdate-based treatment program.
- Use filtration equipment where needed.
- Properly store off-line systems and monitor water treatment results using corrosion test coupons.
- Follow the advice of a water treatment professional.
- Consult **EN-205, Water System Guidelines Engineering Information, F-26080**, for further details.

DIMENSIONAL DATA

Table-9 Dimensions for VB-7212 Series Valves (Figure-3).

Valve Body Part Number	Valve Size	Dimensions in Inches (mm)				
		A	B	C	D (Stem Down)	E (Stroke)
VB-7212-0-4-1 VB-7212-0-4-2 VB-7212-0-4-3 VB-7212-0-4-4	5/8" O.D.	4 (102)	1-1/16 (27)	1-11/16 (43)	3/4 (19)	7/16 (11)

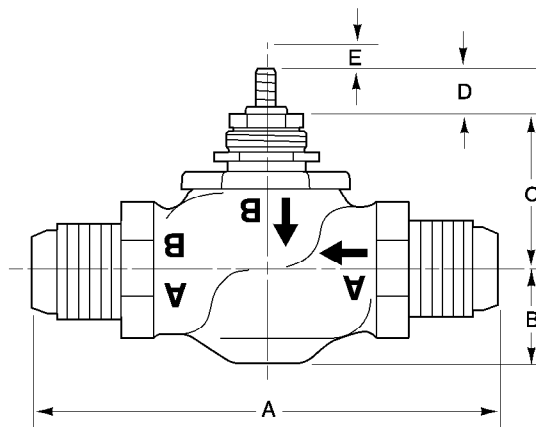


Figure-3 Dimensions for VB-7212 Series Valve Bodies.